# FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

# **Scheme of Instruction & Examination**

# and

# Syllabi

# **B.E. III-Semester & IV-Semester**

# of

# Four Year Degree Programme

# In

# **Electronics & Communication Engineering**

(With effect from the academic year 2017 – 2018) (As approved in faculty meeting held on 26 July 2017)



Issued by Dean, Faculty of Engineering Osmania University, Hyderabad July 2017

# SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION & EXAMINATION B.E. III – Semester

# (ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING)

			Sche	me of ]	Instruc	ction		Scheme xamina		s
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Pr/ Drg	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	Credits
The	ory Courses									
1.	BS 301MT	Engineering Mathematics - III	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	3
2.	ES 965ME	Elements of Mechanical Engineering	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
3.	PC 302 EC	Electronic Devices	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	3
4.	PC 303 EC	Switching Theory and Logic Design	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	3
5.	PC 304 EC	Signal Analysis and Transform Techniques	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	3
6.	PC 305 EC	Network Analysis and Synthesis	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	3
Prac	ctical / Labo	oratory Courses								
7.	ES 361 EE	Electrical Engg. Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
8.	PC 351 EC	Electronic Devices and Logic Design Lab	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
			18	5	4	27	230	520		20

#### **Engineering Service Courses offered to other Departments**

			Sche	me of l	[nstruc	tion		Scheme kamina		
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Pr/ Drg	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	Credits
The	ory Courses									
1.	ES 322EC	Electronic Engineering –II (For EEE & EIE)	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
2.	ES 934EC	Basic Electronics (For CSE)	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
Pract	tical /Laborate	ory Courses								
3.	ES 362EC	Electronic Engineering Lab (For EEE & EIE)	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
4.	ES 955EC	Basic Electronics Lab (For CSE)	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1

BS: Basic Sciences ES: Engineering Sciences MC: Mandatory Course

PC: Professional Course HS: Humanities and Sciences

L: Lectures T: Tutorials Pr : Practicals Drg: Drawing

CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation SEE: Semester End Examination (Univ. Exam)

Note: 1) Each contact hour is a Clock Hour

2) The practical class can be of two and half hour (clock hours) duration as per the requirement of a particular laboratory.

3) Students admitted into B.E./B.Tech. courses under lateral entry scheme (through ECET) from the

academic year 2017-18 should undergo the following bridge course subjects at III Semester (CBCS).

- (1) ES 154 CS Computer Programming Lab
- (2) MC 156 EG Engineering English Lab

Course Code			Cours	se Title			Core / Elective
BS 301 MT		Engine (Co	Core				
Prerequisite	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
riciequisite	L	Т	Credits				
NIL	3	1	-	-	30	70	3

- > To introduce the concept of functions of complex variables and their properties
- To formulate partial differential equations and to introduce a few methods to solve first order linear and non-linear partial differential equations
- > To study Fourier series and its applications to partial differential equations

# **Course Outcomes**

- Determine the analyticity of a complex functions and expand functions as Taylor and Laurent series
- > Evaluate complex and real integrals using residue theorem
- > Expand function as a Fourier series
- > Find solutions of first order and second order partial differential equations

# UNIT-I

**Functions of Complex Variables**: Limits and continuity of function, differentiability and analyticity, necessary & sufficient conditions for a function to be analytic, Cauchy-Reimann equations in polar form, harmonic functions, complex integration, Cauchy's integral theorem, extension of Cauchy's integral theorem for multiply connected regions, Cauchy's integral formula, Cauchy's formula for derivatives and their applications.

# UNIT - II

**Residue Calculus:** Power series, Taylor's series, Laurent's series, zeros and singularities, residues, residue theorem, evaluation of real integrals using residue theorem, bilinear transformation, conformal mapping.

# UNIT - III

**Fourier Series:** Fourier series, Fourier series expansions of even and odd functions, convergence of Fourier series, Fourier half range series.

# UNIT - IV

**Partial Differential Equations**: Formation of first and second order partial differential equations, solution of first order equations, Lagrange's equation, Nonlinear first order equations, Charpit's method, higher order linear equations with constant coefficients.

# UNIT - V

Fourier Series Applications to Partial Differential Equations: Classification of linear second order partial differential equations, separation of variables method

(Fourier method), Fourier series solution of one dimensional heat and wave equations, Laplace's equation.

- 1. R.K. Jain, S.R.K Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publication , 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.
- B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publications , 43<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2014.
- 3. Gupta, Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical statistics, Sultan Chand & sons, New Delhi, 2014.
- 4. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2012.
- 5. James Brown, Ruel Churchill, **Complex variables and Applications**, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2013.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
ES965ME		ELEME	Core				
Prerequisite	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
riciequisite	L	Т	D	SEE	Creatis		
NIL	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

- > To learn certain fundamental topics related to Mechanical Engineering
- > To understand basic concepts and applications of thermodynamics
- > To understand the working principles of I.C.Engines, Reciprocating Compressors
- To familiarize the design and working principles of transmission systems and various manufacturing processes.

## **Course Outcomes**

- ➤ Knowledge to understand the concept of Heat & Energy
- Knowledge of applications of Mechanical Engineering
- Ability to understand Heat Transfer processes
- Knowledge of various manufacturing processes

#### UNIT-I

**Thermodynamics:** Concept of system, process and properties, laws of thermodynamics, Second law statements, concept of Heat Engine, Heat pump & refrigerator. Concept of entropy and clausius inequality, steady flow energy equation for an open system.

# UNIT-II

**I.C.Engines:** Working of four stroke and two stroke petrol and diesel engine with P-V diagrams, valve timing diagrams, calculation of Indicated Power, Brake power, Specific fuel consumption, mechanical and thermal efficiencies.

**Reciprocating Air Compressors:** Working principle of single stage compressor. Work done and efficiency calculations. Effect of clearance volume.

# UNIT-III

**Heat Transfer:** Basic modes of heat transfer, Fourier's law of conduction, Newton's law of cooling, Stefan-Boltzmann law of radiation. One dimensional steady state condition heat transfer through plane walls without heat generation .

**Heat exchangers :** classification and application of heat exchangers in industry , derivation of LMTD in parallel and counter-flow heat exchangers and problems.

# UNIT-IV

# **Power Transmission Elements :**

**Gears:** Definitions and uses of spur, helical & bevel gears. **Gear Trains:** Classifications and simple problems on Simple Compound & Reverted.

**Belt drives:** Definitions of velocity ratio, creep and slip, derivations on length of open and cross belt, ratio of tensions of flat belt, condition for maximum power transmission for flat belt.

#### UNIT-V Basic Manufacturing Processes:

**Welding:** Definitions and method of soldering, brazing and welding and differences. Brief description of Arc welding and Oxy-Acetylene welding .

**Casting:** Principles and applications of sand casting and die casting. **Forming:** Basic concepts of forming processes: Extrusion, rod/wire drawing and Rolling.

**Machining:** Working mechanism of Lathe, Milling and grinding machines. Principles of WJM, USM, EDM, LBM and EBM.

## **Suggested Reading:**

1. R.K. Rajput "Thermal Engineering", Laxmi Publications, 2005

2. C. Sachdeva "**Fundamentals of Engineering Heat and Mass Transfer**", Willey Eastern Ltd, 2004.

3. P. N. Rao " **Manufacturing Technology**", Vol. 1 & 2, Tata McGraw Hill publishing co, 2010.

4. S. S. Rattan,"**Theory of Machines**", Tata Mc Graw Hill, Tata Mc Grawn Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2010.

5. PK Mishra, "**Non Conventional Machining**" Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2007.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
PC302EC		ELE	Core				
Dronoquisito	Con	tact Hou	Credits				
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Creatts
NIL	3	1	-	-	30	70	3

- Analyze the behavior of Semiconductor diodes in Forward and Reverse bias
- Develop Half wave and Full wave rectifiers with L,C,LC & CLC Filters
- Explain V-I characteristics of Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) in CB,CE & CC configurations
- Design Biasing techniques for BJT in Amplifier Applications
- Explore V-I characteristics of FETs and MOSFETs

# Course Outcomes

- > Explain VI characteristics of Semiconductor diode, BJT, FET and MOSFET
- > Design and develop biasing techniques of BJT, FET and MOSFETs
- > Calculate ripple factor, efficiency and % regulation of rectifier circuits

# UNIT I

**Junction Diode :** Different types of PN Junction formation techniques, PN Junction Characteristics, biasing- band diagrams and current flow, Diode current equations under forward bias and reverse bias conditions, Junction breakdown in diodes and breakdown voltages, effect of temperature on diode characteristics, Diode as a circuit element, small signal diode models, Junction capacitance under forward bias and reverse bias, Diode switching characteristics, Zener Diodes, Zener voltage regulator and its limitation.

# UNIT II

**PN Diode Applications:** Half wave, Full wave and Bridge rectifiers - their operation, performance characteristics, and analysis; Filters (L, C, LC and CLC filters) used in power supplies and their ripple factor calculations, design of Rectifiers with and without Filters.

**Specials Diodes:** Elementary treatment on the functioning of Tunnel/Backward, Varactor, Photo, Light Emitting diodes.

# UNIT III

**Bipolar Junction Transistor :** Transistor Junction formation (collector-base, baseemitter Junctions) Transistor biasing-band diagram for NPN and PNP transistors, current components and current flow in BJT, Modes of transistor operation, Early effect, BJT input and output characteristics in CB, CE CC configurations, BJT as an amplifier, BJT biasing techniques, Thermal runway, heat sinks and thermal stabilization, operating point stabilization against temperature and device variations, stability factors, Bias stabilization and compensation techniques, Biasing circuit design.

# UNIT IV

Small Signal Transistors equivalent circuits : Small signal low frequency h-parameter model of BJT, Determination of h parameters, analysis of BJT amplifiers using h-

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parameter, comparison of CB, CE and CC amplifier configurations, Analysis of BJT amplifier with approximate model. Introduction to low frequency  $\Pi$  and T models Special Devices: working of UJT, SCR, DIAC, TRIAC and CCD.

#### UNIT V

**Junction Field Effect Transistors (JFET):** JFET formation, operation & current flow, pinch-off voltage, V-I characteristics of JFET. JFET biasing-zero current drift biasing, biasing against device variations. Low frequency small signal model of FETs. Analysis of CS, CD and CG amplifiers and their comparison. FET as an amplifier and as a switch. MOSFETs: MOSFETs, Enhancement & Depletion mode MOSFETs, V-I characteristics. MOSFET as resistance, Biasing of MOSFETs, MOSFET as a switch

- 1. Jacob Millman, Christos C. Halkias, and Satyabrata Jit, **Electronic Devices and Circuits**, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education, 2010.
- 2 David A. Bell, **Electronic Devices and Circuits**, 5<sup>th</sup> ed., Oxford University Press, 2009.
- 3 Robert Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, **Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory**, 11<sup>th</sup> ed., Pearson India Publications, 2015.
- 3. S Salivahanan, N Kumar, and A Vallavaraj, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education, 2007.
- 4. J.B.Gupta, Electronic Devices and Circuits, SK Kataria and sons, 2013.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
PC303EC	SV	VITCHI	Core				
Droroquisito	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Creans
NIL	3	1	-	-	30	70	3

- > To classify different number systems and understand their conversion.
- To analyze the given logic equation and simplify using K-map and Tabular method.
- > To study different combinational circuits and implement them with IC's.
- > To understand the operation of Flip flop and convert one flip flop to the other.
- > To analyze the sequential circuits and design counter for a given sequence.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Represent and convert different number systems
- Simplify Boolean equations using K-map and tabular method.
- Design combinational and sequential logic functions

#### UNIT I

**Number system and Codes:** Binary, Octal, Hexa Decimal numbers, Number base conversion, Signed binary numbers: 1's Complement, 2's complement, Types of codes: Weighted, Un Weighted code, BCD, Excess -3 code, Development of Gray code, Parity code

**Boolean Algebra:** Properties of Boolean algebra, Basic Laws and Theorems, DeMorgan's theorem, Switching Functions, definitions, simplifications, Canonical and Standard Forms, Logic Gates, Functional Properties.

# UNIT II

**Minimization of Switching Functions:** The Map Method (K-Map), 5-variable map, Minimal Functions and their properties. Prime implicants, Essential Prime Implicants, Quine-McCluskey Tabular Method, Don't – care combinations

**Logic Design and realization:** Design with basic logic gates, Single Output and Multiple Output Combinational Logic Circuit Design, AND-OR, OR-AND and NAND/NOR Realizations, Exclusive-OR and Equivalence Functions.

#### UNIT III

**Combinational Logic Design:** Comparators, Multiplexer and its applications, demultiplexers, Code Conversion, Parity generator and checker, Full Adder and Subtractor, Serial adder, Ripple carry adder and Carry-look ahead adder. Two's complement ADD/ Subtractor, Decimal adder;

Implementing Boolean functions with IC 74151, IC 74153.

Contact Networks, Hazards: Static Hazards, Design of Hazard-Free Switching Circuits.

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#### UNIT IV

#### **Combinational Logic Design:**

Decoders, priority encoders, BCD to seven segment decoder; ROM as a combination of decoder with encoder; Implementing Boolean functions with IC 74138.

**Flip Flops and Conversions**: Memory element, S-R, J-K and D Latch operation, Race around condition, Master Slave J-K Flip Flop, Flip-Flop types: S-R, J-K, D, T, State table, State diagram, Characteristic equation and excitation table, Set-up and hold time, Flip flop conversions.

#### UNIT V

**Sequential Logic Design**: Classification, state diagram, state table, Asynchronous and Synchronous counters, Skipping state counter, Counter Lock – out, Shift registers and applications. Implementing counters with IC 7476, IC 7474, IC 7490, IC 7492, IC 7493. Finite state machine – Moore, Melay, Design of a sequence detector.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

1. Mano M., Digital Design, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2008.

- 2. Zvi Kohavi, **Switching and Finite Automata Theory**, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., Cambridge University Press-New Delhi, 2011.
- 3. R. P Jain, Modern Digital Electronics,4<sup>th</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2003

Course Code			Core / Elective				
PC304EC	SIG	NAL AN	Core				
Droroquisito	Con	ntact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SEE	Creans
NIL	3	1	-	-	30	70	3

- Analyze basic concepts related to continuous time signals and systems, mathematical representation of periodic signals.
- Familiarize with basic operations on signals and mathematical representation of aperiodic signals using Fourier and Laplace transform.
- Analyze basic concepts related to discrete time signals and systems, mathematical representation discrete time signals.
- Describe the concept of Z- Transform and its properties and illustrate their applications to analyze systems.
- > Define convolution, correlation operations on continuous and discrete time signals.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Apply Fourier series, Fourier transform, Laplace transform and Z-transform on signals and systems
- > Apply linear convolution and discrete convolution on signals
- Explain discrete Fourier transform on signals and systems

# UNIT-I

**Definitions and classifications** : Classification of continuous time signals. Basic operations on continuous-time signals and classification of continuous-time systems.

**Representation of Continuous-time signals**: Analogy between vectors and signals, signal representation by a discrete- set of orthogonal functions, orthogonality and completeness.

Fourier series – Trigonometric and Exponential Fourier series, computational formulae, symmetry conditions, the complex Fourier spectrum.

# UNIT-II

**Fourier Transform (FT)**: The direct and inverse FT, existence of FT, Properties of FT, The Frequency Spectrum.

**Laplace Transform (LT):** The direct LT, Region of convergence, existence of LT, properties of LT. The inverse LT, Solution of differential equations, system transfer function.

# UNIT III

**Z-Transform:** The direct Z transform, Region of convergence, Z-plane and S-plane correspondence. Inverse Z transform, Properties of Z-transforms. Solution to linear difference equations, Linear constant coefficient systems, System transfer function

# UNIT IV

**Linear Convolution of continuous time signals:** Graphical interpretation, properties of convolution, Correlation between continuous-time signals: Auto and Cross correlation, graphical interpretation, properties of correlation.

Linear Convolution of discrete time signals: Graphical interpretation, properties of discrete convolution

#### UNIT V

**Discrete-time signals and systems**: Sampling, Classification of discrete-time signals, Basic operations on discrete time signals, Classification of discrete time systems, properties of systems.

**Representation of Continuous-time signals**: Discrete Fourier series, Frequency domain Representation of discrete-time systems and signals. Sampling the z-transform.

- 1. B.P. Lathi, **Signals, Systems and Communication**, 1<sup>st</sup> ed., BS Publications, 2011.
- 2. Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan S. Wilsky and S. Hamid Nawab, **Signals and Systems**, 2nd ed., PHI, 2009.
- 3. P. Ramakrishna Rao, **Signals and Systems**, 2nd ed., McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2013.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
PC305EC	NET	WORK .	Core				
Dronoquisito	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credito
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
NIL	3	1	-	-	30	70	3

- > To analyze concepts of symmetrical and assymetrical networks.
- > To realize the basic T and Pi Networks and Design the various filters.
- To design Attenuators and Equalizers which are employed in the communications systems
- > To study the response of the RLC circuits and construct the network.
- > To realize the RL and RC networks by synthesis

# **Course Outcomes**

- > Design assymetrc, symmetric, filter, attenuator and equalizer networks
- Estimate step and impulse responses of RL and RC networks
- Synthesize RL and RC networks

## UNIT-1

Asymmetrical networks, Image and Iterative impedances. Image transfer constant and iterative transfer constant. Symmetrical networks, characteristic impedance and propagation constant. Properties of L, T and Pi section types, Bridged T-Network.

# UNIT-II

Filter Characteristics, Constant K-filters – low pass, high pass, band pass, band elimination filter design, m-derived - low pass, high pass, band pass, band elimination filter design and composite filter design. Notch filter.

# UNIT-III

Attenuators- Attenuation, Types of Attenuators, Symmetrical T-Type, Pi-Type Attenuator, Symmetrical Bridged T-Type, Lattice-Type Attenuator, Asymmetrical L-Type Attenuator, Symmetrical T-Type Attenuator, Symmetrical Pi-Type Attenuator. Equalizers- Inverse Impedance, Two-Terminal Equalizers, Four-Terminal Equalizers: Full Series Equalizer, Full Shunt Equalizer, Bridged T Equalizer, Lattice Equalizer.

# UNIT-IV

Network Functions: Driving Point Impedance and Admittance, Transfer Impedance and Admittance, Concept of poles and zeroes in a network function, Necessary conditions for driving point functions and transfer functions.

Application of Laplace Transforms: Resistance Element, Inductance Element, Capacitance Element, Step Response of RL, RC and RLC circuits, Impulse Response of Series RL, RC circuits.

#### UNIT-V

Network synthesis: Hurwitz polynomials, positive real functions, Basic Philosophy of Synthesis, L-C Immitance functions, RC impedance functions and RL admittance functions. RL impedance functions and RC admittance functions. Cauer And Foster's forms of RL impedance and RC admittance

- 1. M.E. Van Valkenburg, **Network Analysis**, PHI, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2009.
- 2. S.P. Ghosh and A.K. Chakraborty, **Network Analysis and Synthesis**, McGraw Hill, 1<sup>st</sup> edition, 2009.
- 3. Smarjit Ghosh, Network Theory : Analysis and Synthesis, PHI, 2005.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
ES361EE	EI	LECTRI	Core				
Proroquisito	Con	tact Hou	SEE	Credits			
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
NIL	-	-	-	2	25	50	1

- > To learn practical electric AC & DC circuits.
- To learn operation and performance characteristics of electrical machines by conducting various tests practically.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Awareness about various electric safety rules to be followed while working with electrical equipments
- > Explore themselves in designing basic electric circuits
- > Identify requirements for electric machines for domestic and industrial purpose

# List of Experiments:

- 1. Verification of Kirchhoff's Laws.
- 2. Verification of Thevinin's and Norton's Theorems.
- 3. Study of Three-Phase Balanced Circuits.
- 4. Measurement of Power by Two-Wattmeter Method.
- 5. Study of Single-Phase RLC Series Circuits.
- 6. Magnetization Curve of a Separately Excited DC Generator.
- 7. Load Characteristics of Shunt Generator.
- 8. Performance Characteristics of Shunt Motor.
- 9. Speed Control of DC Shunt Motor.
- 10. O.C and S.C Tests on Single-Phase Transformer.
- 1 1. Load Test on Single-Phase Transformer.
- 12. Load Test on Three-Phase Induction Motor.

Note: Atleast ten experiments should be conducted in the Semester..

Course Code			Core / Elective				
PC351EC	ELF	CTRON	Core				
Proroquisito	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	Credits				
NIL	0	0	0	2	25	50	1

Plot characteristics of PN diode, BJT in CE, CB and CC configurations and FET in CS and CD configurations.

- > Measure parameters of BJT and FET amplifiers.
- > Verify the truth tables of combinational and sequential circuits
- Realize combinational and sequential circuits
- Design adder/subtractor

## Course Outcomes:

- Conduct experiments, take measurements and analyze the data through hands-on experience in order to demonstrate understanding of the theoretical concepts of Electronic Devices and Logic Design, while working in small groups
- > Demonstrate writing skills through clear laboratory reports
- Compare the experimental results with those introduced in lecture, draw relevant conclusions and substantiate them satisfactorily

# **Part A - List of Experiments for Electronic Devices**

- 1. V-I Characteristics of Silicon and Germanium diodes and measurement of static and dynamic resistances
- 2. Zener diode characteristics and its application as voltage regulator
- 3. Design, realization and performance evaluation of half wave and full wave rectifiers without filters and with LC & p section filters
- 4. Plotting the characteristics of BJT in Common Emitter and measurement of hparameters
- 5. Plotting the characteristics of JFET in CS configurations and measurement of Transconductance and Drain resistance
- 6. BJT biasing circuits Fixed Bias, Collector to Base Bias, Self Bias
- 7. Common Emitter BJT Amplifier and measurement of Gain, bandwidth, input and output impedances
- 8. Common Source FET Amplifier and measurement of Gain, bandwidth, input and output impedances

# Part B - List of Experiments for Logic Design

- 9. Verification of truth tables of Logic gates and realization of Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary code converter
- 10. Realization of Half adder/sub and full adder/sub using universal logic gates.
- 11. Realization of Full adder/Sub using MUX and Decoder

- 12. Design 2's complement Adder/subtractor using IC 74283 and verify experimentally.
- 13. Verification of truth tables of Flip Flops and Flip flop conversions form one form to the other.
- 14. Realization of 3-bit asynchronous (Ripple) and synchronous counters.

#### **Suggesting Reading:**

 Paul B. Zbar, Albert P. Malvino, Michael A. Miller, Basic Electronics, A Text -Lab Manual, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, TMH 2001.

Note: A minimum of 6 experiments in part-A and 4 experiments in part-B should be performed

Course Code			Core / Elective				
ES322EC	E	LECTR	Core				
Duono quisito	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credito
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
NIL	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

- Identify the components that effect the frequency response and analyze the single and multi stage amplifiers
- Recognize the type of feedback and analyze its effect on amplifier's characteristics
- Calculate the frequency of oscillation for different types of oscillator circuits suited for various applications using Barkhausen's criterion
- Identify the importance of power amplifiers and calculate the efficiencies of class -A, B, AB and examine the effect on distortion. Identify the linear and non-linear wave shaping circuits for various waveforms & analyze their response

# .Course Outcomes

- > Ability to design feedback amplifiers circuit with its applications
- Ability to analyze and design various oscillators
- > Ability to design power amplifier for various applications
- > Ability to design various filters required
- Ability to design clipping and clamping circuits and various multi-vibrators

# UNIT-I

Multistage amplifiers: Classification of amplifiers, Low, mid and high Frequency response of single stage RC coupled amplifiers, step response of amplifier. Cascading of amplifier. Interacting and non interacting amplifiers, effect of cascading on gain and Bandwidth.

# UNIT-II

Feedback Amplifiers: The feedback concept, General characteristics of negative feedback amplifier, Effect of negative feedback on input and output impedances, Voltage and current, series and shunt feedbacks. Stability considerations, Local Versus global feedback.

# UNIT-III

Oscillators: Barkhausen's Criterion, RC oscillator, Weinbridge, Phase shift, LC Hartley and colpitts oscillator, Crystal controlled oscillator, (Analysis oscillators using BJTs only) frequency stability of oscillator.

#### UNIT-IV

Large Signal Amplifiers: BJTas large signal audio amplifiers. Classes of operation, Harmonic distortion, power dissipation, efficiency calculations. Design considerations of transformer coupled and transform less push-pull audio power amplifiers under Class-A. Class-B, Class D and Class-AB operations

## UNIT-V

Wave-Shaping Circuits: RC Low Pass and High Pass circuit, response to Step, Pulse, Ramp and square wave inputs, Differentiating and Integrating circuits using diode, Clipping Circuits for Single level and two levels, Clamping Circuits.

## **Suggested Reading:**

1. Jacob Millman, Christos Halkias, Satyabrata jit, **Electronics Devices and circuits** 3<sup>rd</sup> ed.,McGra\v Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2010.

2. Jacob Millman, Christos Halkias, Chetan Parikh, **Integrated Electronics**, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2011.

3.Donald L Schilling & Charles Belove, **Electronics Circuits, Discrete & Integrated**, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2002.

4. Jacob Millman and Herbert Taub, **Pulse, Digital and Switching waveforms**, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2011.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
ES934EC		BAS	Core				
Droroquisito	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	Cleans				
NIL	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

- > Analyze the behavior of semiconductor diodes in Forward and Reverse bias.
- > Design of Half wave and Full wave rectifiers with L, C, and LC & CLC Filters.
- Explore V-I characteristics of Bipolar Junction Transistor n CB, CE & CC configurations.
- > Explain feedback concept and different oscillators.
- > Analyze Digital logic basics and Photo Electric devices.

## **Course Outcomes**

- > Explain VI characteristics of Semiconductor diode, BJT, FET and MOSFET
- > Calculate ripple factor, efficiency and % regulation of rectifier circuits
- Analyze feedback amplifiers, BJT oscillator circuits, Opamp, basic digital logic gates and data acquisition system

# UNIT-I

**Semi Conductor Theory:** Energy Levels, Intrinsic and Extrinsic Semiconductors, Mobility, Diffusion and Drift current. Hall Effect, Characteristics of P-N Junction diode, Parameters and Applications

**Rectifiers:** Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers (Bridge, center tapped) with and without filters, ripple regulation and efficiency. Zener diode regulator.

# UNIT-II

**Bipolar Junction Transistor:** BJT, Current components, CE, CB, CC configurations, characteristics, Transistor as amplifier. Analysis of CE, CB, CC Amplifiers (qualitative treatment only).

JFET: Construction and working, parameters, CS, CG, CD Characteristics, CS amplifier.

# UNIT-III

**Feedback Concepts** – Properties of Negative Feedback Amplifiers, Classification, Parameters.

**Oscillators** – Barkhausen Criterion, LC Type and RC Type Oscillators and Crystal Oscillators. (Qualitative treatment only)

# UNIT-IV

**Operational Amplifiers** – Introduction to OP Amp, characteristics and applications – Inverting and Non-inverting Amplifiers, summer, Integrator, Differentiator, Instrumentation Amplifier.

**Digital Systems:** Basic Logic Gates, half, Full Adder and Subtractors.

# UNIT-V

**Data Acquisition systems:** Study of transducer (LVDT, Strain gauge, Temperature, Force).

**Photo Electric Devices and Industrial Devices:** Photo diode, Photo Transistor, LED, LCD, SCR, UJT Construction and Characteristics only.

**Display Systems:** Constructional details of CRO and Applications.

- 1. Jocob Millman, Christos C. Halkias and Satyabrata Jit, Electronics Devices and Circuits, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, 2010.
- 2. Rama Kanth A. Gaykward, **Op-AMPS and Linear Integrated Circuits** 4th Edition Prentice Hall of India, 2000.
- 3. M. Morris Mano, **Digital Design**, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2002.
- 4. William D Cooper, and A.D. Helfrick, Electronic Measurements and Instrumentations Techniques, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Prentice Hall of India, 2008.
- 5. S. Shalivahan, N. Suresh Kumar, A. Vallava Raj, **Electronic Devices and Circuits**, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, 2007.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
ES362EC	EI	ECTRO (Con	Core				
Proroquisito	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	Cleans				
NIL	-	-	-	2	50	1	

- > Design basic circuits of rectification with and without filters using diodes
- Design wave shaping circuit using diodes.
- > Design single and multistage amplifier circuits.
- Demonstrate negative feedback in amplifier circuits and positive feedback in Oscillators
- Design Class Power Amplifiers.

## **Course Outcomes**

- > Calculate ripple factor, efficiency and % regulation of rectifier circuits
- > Analyze feedback amplifiers and BJT oscillator circuits
- Design single, multi-stage, wave shaping and power amplifier circuits

## List of Experiments:

- 1. Characteristics of Silicon, Germanium and Zener Diode in forward bias and reverse bias
- 2. Application of diode as a full wave rectifier with and without filters. Calculation of Ripple factor, voltage regulation and efficiency with various loads
- 3. Static characteristics of BJT in CE configuration
- 4. Static characteristics of JFET in CS configuration
- 5. Frequency response of Single and two stage BJT amplifier in CE configuration
- 6. Voltage series amplifier without and with feedback
- 7. Voltage shunt amplifier without and with feedback.
- 8. Current shunt amplifier without and with feedback.
- 9. LC Oscillators: Hartley Oscillator and Colpitts Oscillator.
- 10. RC Phase Oscillator and Wein Bridge Oscillator.
- 11. Power Amplifier
- 12. Clipping circuits
- 13. Clamping Circuits.

NOTE: Atleast ten experiments should be conducted in the Semester..

#### Suggested Reading:

Paul B. Zbar, Albert P. Malvino, Michael A. Miller, Basic Electronics, A text- Lab

Manual, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition. Mc- Graw- Hill Higher Education 2001

Course Code			Core / Elective				
ES955EC		BASIC	Core				
Droroquisito	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	Credits				
NIL	-	-	-	2	25	50	1

- Demonstrate the characteristics of Semiconductor diodes
- Realize the filters and Rectifiers.
- > Verify the characteristics of different transistor Configurations.
- > Design of Biasing Circuits for BJT and FET Amplifiers.
- > Design different circuits using Operational Amplifiers.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Plot characteristics of diode and transistor
- > Calculate ripple factor, efficiency and % regulation of rectifier circuits
- > Analyze feedback amplifiers and BJT oscillator circuits
- > Demonstrate Opamp, data converter and strain gauge measurement

## List of Experiments:

1. CRO-Applications, Measurements of R, L and C using LCR meter, Colour code method soldering practice.

- 2. Characteristics of Semiconductors diode (Ge, Si and Zener).
- 3. Static characteristics of BJT-Common Emitter.
- 4. Static characteristics of BJT-Common Base.
- 5. Static characteristics of FET.
- 6. RC-Phase Shift Oscillator.
- 7. Hartley and Colpitt's Oscillators.
- 8. Common Emitter Amplifier.
- 9. Astable Multivibrator.
- 10. Full-wave rectifier with and without filters using BJT.
- 11. Operational Amplifier as Amplifier, Integrator.
- 12. Strain Gauge Measurement.
- 13. Analog-to-Digital and Digital to Analog Converters.

NOTE: Atleast ten experiments should be conducted in the Semester..

- 1. David Bell A., **Operational Amplifiers and Linear** ICS, Prentice Hall of India, 2005.
- 2. David Bell A., Laboratory for Electronic Devices and Circuits, Prentice Hall of India, 2007.

**Theory Courses** 

BS 405 MT

PC 401 EC

PC 402 EC

PC 403 EC

PC 404 EC

MC 916CE

PC 451 EC

PC 452 EC

Practical / Laboratory Courses

Applied Mathematics

Probability Theory and

**Environmental Sciences** 

Analog Electronic Circuits

Pulse, Digital and Integrated

Stochastic Process

Transmission Lines

Circuits

Lab

Circuits Lab

Analog Electronic Circuits

Pulse, Digital and Integrated

Electromagnetic Theory and

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Credits

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# SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION & EXAMINATION B.E. IV – Semester

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			Sche	me of ]	Instruc	ction		Scheme kaminat		
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Pr/ Drg	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	

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#### (ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING)

# 18050427230520Engineering Service Courses Offered to other Departments

			Sche	me of ]	Instruc	ction		Scheme kamina	-	
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Pr/ Drg	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	Credits
Theo	ry Courses		1							
1.	ES934EC	Basic Electronics (For ME & PE)	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
2.	ES422EC	Signals & System Analysis (For CSE)	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
Prace	tical / Laborat	ory Courses								
3.	ES955EC	Basic Electronics Lab (For ME & PE)	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1

BS: Basic Sciences ES: Engineering Sciences MC: Mandatory Course

PC: Professional Course HS: Humanities and Sciences

L: Lectures T: Tutorials Pr : Practicals Drg: Drawing

**CIE:** Continuous Internal Evaluation **SEE:** Semester End Examination (Univ. Exam)

Note: 1) Each contact hour is a Clock Hour

2) The practical class can be of two and half hour (clock hours) duration as per the requirement of a particular laboratory.

Course Code				Core / Elective			
BS405MT		APPL	JED MA	ATHEM	ATICS		Core
Prerequisite	Con	Contact Hours per Week CIE SEE			Credits		
Flerequisite	L	Т	Creatis				
NIL	3	1	3				

- > To understand curve fitting, correlation and regression
- > To introduce the concept of vector spaces and linear transformations
- > To introduce a few numerical methods to solve certain types of problems

## **Course Outcomes**

- Represent linear transformation by matrices
- > Apply numerical methods and curve fitting to solve linear system of equations
- Explain optimization methods

# UNIT- I

#### Linear Algebra:

Vector spaces, Subspaces, Basis and dimension, Linear transformations and their representation by matrices, Rank and Nullity of transformation.

# UNIT- II

#### Numerical methods I:

Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations-Bisection method, Regula falsi method, Newton-Raphson method, Solution of linear system of equations, Gauss elimination method, Gauss- Seidel iteration method, Interpolation, Lagrange's interpolation, Newton's divided difference interpolation, Newton's Forward and Backward difference interpolations.

# UNIT- III

# Numerical methods II:

Numerical differentiation, Interpolation approach, Numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations Single step methods, Taylor's series method, Euler method, Picard's method of successive approximation, Runge-Kutta method of 4<sup>th</sup> order, Multi step methods, Predictor-Corrector method, Euler PC method, Miline and Adams Moulton PC method.

# UNIT-I V

#### **Curve fitting:**

Curve fitting by method of least squares, correlation and regression, types of correlations, Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation, Spearman's rank correlation coefficient, equal ranks, equations to the lines of regression.

# UNIT- V

# **Optimization:**

Basic Concepts, Unconstrained Optimization, Linear Programming, Simplex method, Simplex Method: Difficulties.

- 1. R.K.Jain & S.R.K Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publications,
- 1. 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.
- 2. B.S.Grewal, **Higher Engineering Mathematics**, Khanna Publications, 43<sup>rd</sup> Edition,2014.
- 3. Gupta & Kapoor, **Fundamentals of Mathematical statistics**, Sultan chand & sons, New Delhi, 2014.
- 4. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2012.
- 5. S.C.Gupta and V.K.Kapoor, **Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics**, Sultan Chand& Sons, 2014.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
PC401EC	AN	NALOG	Core				
Prerequisite	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
riciequisite	L	Т	Creans				
NIL	3	1	1			70	3

Analyze frequency response of Amplifiers in different frequency ranges.

> Familiarize with concept and effect of negative feedback

> Study positive feedback and Design different types of oscillators.

> Design Power Amplifiers and calculate their efficiencies.

> Familiarize with concept of tuned Amplifiers.

# **Course Outcomes**

> Design and develop small signal amplifiers, power amplifiers, feedback amplifiers and oscillators.

Estimate gain-bandwidth product of amplifiers

Design voltage regulator circuits

# UNIT-I

# Small Signal Amplifiers:

Introduction to Hybrid-pi model, relationship between hybrid-pi & h-parameter model; Classification of amplifiers, mid-frequency, Low-frequency and high frequency analysis of single and multistage RC coupled amplifier with BJT and FET. Analysis of transformer coupled amplifier in mid frequency, Low frequency and high frequency regions with BJT.

# UNIT-II

**Feedback Amplifiers:** The feedback concept, General characteristics of negative feedback amplifier, Effect of negative feedback on input and output impedances, Voltage and current, series and shunt feedbacks. Stability considerations, Local Versus global feedback

# **UNIT-III**

**Oscillators:** Positive feedback and conditions for sinusoidal oscillations, RC oscillators, LC oscillators, Crystal oscillator, Amplitude and frequency stability of oscillator. **Regulators:** Transistorized series and shunt regulators

# UNIT-IV

**Large Signal Amplifiers:** BJT as large signal audio amplifiers, Classes of operation, Harmonic distortion, power dissipation, efficiency calculations. Design considerations of transformer coupled and transform less push-pull audio power amplifiers under Class-A. Class-B, Class D and Class-AB operations

# UNIT-V

**RF Voltage Amplifiers:** General consideration, Analysis and design of single tuned and double tuned amplifiers with BJT, Selectivity, gain and bandwidth. Comparison of multistage, single tuned amplifiers and double tuned amplifiers. The problem of stability in RF amplifiers, neutralization & uni-laterisation, introduction to staggered tuned amplifiers.

- 1. Jacob Millman, Christos C. Halkias, and Satyabrata Jit, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education, 2010.
- 2. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5<sup>th</sup> ed., Oxford University Press, 2009.
- 3. S Salivahanan, N Kumar, and A Vallavaraj, **Electronic Devices and Circuits**, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education, 2007.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
PC402EC	PU	U <b>LSE, D</b>	ED	Core			
Droroquisito	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	Creatts				
NIL	3	1	-	-	30	70	3

- To analyze linear wave shaping circuits and plot the response for various input waveforms.
- > To design and analyze non-linear circuits like clippers and clampers.
- To analyze and design transistor multivibrators, time base generators and sweep circuits using discrete components and analyze voltage and current sweep circuits and identify methods to mitigate sweep errors.
- To classify different ICs, calculate IC characteristics and analyze basic gates with DTL, TTL, ECL, logic family and design their interfacing circuits.
- To build basic gates with MOS and CMOS logic family and design their interfacing circuits.

## **Course Outcomes**

- > Design and develop linear, non-linear wave shaping multi-vibrator circuits.
- Analyze time-base generator circuits
- > Explain digital logic families

# UNIT I: Linear wave shaping:

High pass, low pass RC circuits, their response for sinusoidal, step, pulse, square and ramp inputs. RC network as differentiator and integrator, attenuators, RL and RLC circuits and their response for step input.

#### **UNIT II: Non-linear wave shaping:**

Diode clippers, Transistor clippers, clipping at two independent levels, Transfer chracteristics of clippers, Emitter coupled clipper, Comparators, Applications of voltageco mparators, clamping operation, Clamping circuits using diode with different inputs, Clamping circuit theorem, practical clamping circuits, Transfer characteristics of clampers. Transistor as a switch, Design of transistor switch, transistor-switching times.

#### **UNIT III: Multi-vibrators:**

Design and Analysis of Bistable, Monostable, Astable Multivibrators and Schmitt trigger using transistors,

**Time base generators**: General features of a time base signal, Speed, transmission and displacement errors. Analysis and Design of Sweep circuits using UJT and SCR.

# UNIT IV:

Manufacturer's designations for integrated circuits, Integrated circuit package types, Pin identifications and temperature ranges, IC characteristics, Logic Families: DTL, TTL logic family, TTL series, output configuration: Open collector, Totem pole, Tri state logic. ECL logic Family

# UNIT V:

MOS logic Family (PMOS and NMOS), CMOS logic family and characteristics, CMOS transmission gate (bilateral switch) and its applications, CMOS open drain and high impedance output, CMOS inverter, NAND and NOR gates, Interfacing CMOS and TTL, Comparison of TTL, CMOS and ECL logic families.

- 1. J. Millman, H. Taub and S Rao, **Pulse, Digital and Switching Waveforms**, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill, 2014.
- 2. David A. Bell, **Pulse, Switching and Digital Circuits**, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Oxford University Press, 2015.
- 3. R. P Jain, **Modern Digital Electronics**,4<sup>th</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2003

Course Code			Cours	se Title			Core / Elective
PC403EC		PROBA STO	)	Core			
Prerequisite	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
riciequisite	L	Т	Credits				
NIL	3	1	3				

- > To understand different types of Random variables their density distribution functions
- To learn one Random variable characteristic functions of different variables using their density functions
- > To learn the concepts of sequences of Random variables, Properties of Random vectors
- > To understand elementary concepts of the Random Processes or distribution functions
- To understand the functions of two Random variables probability density distribution of the joint Random variables

#### **Course Outcomes**

- > Apply probability and random variables
- > Explain temporal and spectral functions of random variables
- Analyze the noise

#### **UNIT-I: Probability and Random Variable**

**Probability:** Probability introduced through Sets and Relative Frequency, Experiments and Sample Spaces, Discrete and Continuous Sample Spaces, Events, Probability Definitions and Axioms, Mathematical Model of Experiments, Probability as a Relative Frequency, Joint Probability, Conditional Probability, Total Probability, Bayes' Theorem, Independent Events.

**Random Variable:** Definition of a Random Variable, Conditions for a Function to be a Random Variable, Discrete, Continuous and Mixed Random Variables.

#### **UNIT -II: Distribution & Density Functions and Operation on One Random** Variable – Expectations

**Distribution & Density Functions:** Distribution and Density functions and their Properties - Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Gaussian, Exponential, Rayleigh and Conditional Distribution, Methods of defining Conditional Event, Conditional Density, Properties.

**Operation on One Random Variable – Expectations:** Introduction, Expected Value of a Random Variable, Function of a Random Variable, Moments about the Origin, Central Moments, Variance and Skew, Chebychev's Inequality, Characteristic Function, Moment Generating Function.

#### Faculty of Engineering, O.U

#### **UNIT-III: Multiple Random Variables and operations**

Multiple Random Variables: Joint Distribution Function and its Properties Joint Density Function and its Properties, Marginal Distribution Functions, Conditional Distribution and Density – Point Conditioning, Conditional Distribution and Density – Interval conditioning, Statistical Independence, Sum of Two Random Variables, Sum of Several Random Variables, Central Limit Theorem (Proof not expected), Unequal Distribution, Equal Distributions.

#### **Operations on Multiple Random Variables:**

Expected Value of a Function of Random Variables: Joint Moments about the Origin, Joint Central Moments, Joint Characteristic Functions, Jointly Gaussian Random Variables: Two Random Variables case, N Random Variable case, Properties.

#### **UNIT-IV: Random Processes – Temporal Characteristics:**

The Stochastic Process Concept, Classification of Processes, Deterministic and Nondeterministic Processes, Distribution and Density Functions, Concept of Stationarity and Statistical Independence, First-Order Stationary Processes, Second-Order and Wide-Sense Stationarity, Nth Order and Strict-Sense Stationarity, Time Averages and Ergodicity, Mean-Ergodic Processes, Correlation-Ergodic Processes, Autocorrelation Function and its Properties, Cross-Correlation Function and its Properties, Covariance and its Properties, Linear System Response of Mean and Mean-squared Value, Autocorrelation Function, Cross-Correlation Functions, Gaussian Random Processes, Poisson Random Process.

#### **UNIT-V: Random Processes – Spectral Characteristics:**

The Power Density Spectrum and its Properties, Relationship between Power Spectrum and Autocorrelation Function, Cross-Power Density Spectrum and its Properties, Relationship between Cross-Power Spectrum and Cross-Correlation Function, Some Noise Definitions and Other Topics: White Noise and Colored Noise, Product Device Response to a Random Signal. Spectral Characteristics of System Response: Power Density Spectrum of Response, Cross-Power Spectral Density of Input and Output of a Linear System.

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

- 1. Peyton Z. Peebles, **Probability, Random Variables & Random Signal Principles**, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2001.
- 2. Athanasius Papoulis and S. Unnikrishna Pillai, **Probability, Random Variables** and Stochastic Processes, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw Hill, 2006.
- 3. Henry Stark and John W. Woods, **Probability and Random Processes with Application to Signal Processing**, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Pearson Education, 2014.
- 4. P. Ramesh Babu, **Probability Theory and Random Processes**, 1<sup>st</sup> edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2015.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
PC404EC	ELI	ECTRO TRA	AND	Core			
Proroquisito	Contact Hours per Week CIE SEE C		Credits				
Prerequisite	L	Т	Credits				
NIL	3	1 <b>30 70</b>					3

- Analyze fundamental concepts of vector analysis, electrostatics and magneto statics law and their applications, transmission lines and their characteristics
- > Describe the relationship between Electromagnetic Theory and circuit theory
- Formulate the basic laws of static electricity and magnetism and extend them to time varying fields
- Define the Maxwell's equations leading to the wave equations in various media and wave propagation characteristics.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Apply Biot-Savart Law, Stoke's theorem, Ampere's theorem and Maxwell's equations
- Formulate the basic relationship between distortion less transmission lines & applications.
- Draw Smith chart and calculate VSWR

# Unit – I

Review of coordinate systems. Coulomb's Law, Electric field due to various Charge configurations and Electric flux density. Gauss's Law and its applications. Work, Potential and Energy, The dipole. Current and Current density, Laplace and Poisson's equations. Calculation of capacitance for simple configurations.

# Unit – II

Steady magnetic-Biot-Savart's law, Ampere's law. Stoke's theorem, Magnetic flux and magnetic flux density. Scalar and vector magnetic potentials. Electric and Magnetic fields boundary conditions. Maxwell's equations for static and time varying fields.

# Unit – III

Uniform plane waves in free space and in conducting medium, Polarization. Instantaneous, average and complex Poynting theorem and its applications. Reflection: Normal incidence on dielectrics and conducting medium. Reflection: Oblique incidence on dielectrics and conducting medium,

# Unit – IV

Concept of symmetrical network-T and  $\pi$  networks. Types of Transmission Lines-Two wire lines. Primary and secondary constants. Transmission Line equations. Infinite line and characteristic impedance- Open and short circuit lines and their significance. Distortion less transmission line, Concept of loading of a transmission line, Campbell's formula.

# Unit – V

Imedance at any point on the transmission line- Input impedance. RF and UHF lines, transmission lines as circuit elements. Properties of  $\lambda/2$ ,  $\lambda/4$  and  $\lambda/8$  Lines. Reflection and VSWR. Matching: Stub matching. Smith chart and its applications.

# Suggested books:

- 1. Matthew N.O. Sadiku, **Principles of Electro-magnetics**, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Oxford University Press, 2016
- 2. William H. Hayt Jr. and John A. Buck, **Engineering Electromagnetics**, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006
- 3. John D. Ryder, Networks Lines and Fields, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson, 2015
- 4. E.C. Jordan and K.G. Balmain, **Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating** Systems, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson, 2015
- 5. K.D.Prasad, Antennas and Wave Propagation, Khanna Publications.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
MC916CE		ENVIR	Core				
Prerequisite	Con	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Flerequisite	L	Т	Creans				
NIL	3	30				70	3

- To study the basic concepts, sources of water, floods and their impact on environment
- > To know the ecosystems and energy resource systems
- > To understand the Biodiversity concepts and their advantages
- > To study the different pollutions and their impact on environment
- > To know the social and environment related issues and their preventive measures

# **Course Outcomes**

- > Awareness of effects of hazardous environment.
- > Idea about optimum utilization of natural resources.
- Be a catalyst in moving towards Green technologies
- Information about rules and regulations of pollution control

# UNIT-I

**Environmental Studies:** Definition, scope and importance, need for public awareness. **Natural resources:** Water resources; use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams:benefits and problems. Effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer- pesticide problems, water logging and salinity.

# UNIT-II

**Ecosystems:** Concept of an ecosystem, structure and function of an ecosystem, producers, consumers and decomposers, energy flow in ecosystem, food chains, ecological pyramids, aquatic ecosystem (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries). **Energy resources:** Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources. Land Resources, land as a resource, land degradation, soil erosion and desertification.

# UNIT-III

**Biodiversity:** Genetic species and ecosystem diversity, bio-geographical classification of India. Value of biodiversity, threats to biodiversity, endangered and endemic species of India, conservation of biodiversity.

## UNIT-IV

**Environmental Pollution:** Causes, effects and control measures of air pollution, water pollution, soil pollution, noise pollution, thermal pollution; solid and liquid waste management.

**Environment Protection Act:** Air, water, forest and wild life Acts, enforcement of environmental legislation.

#### UNIT-V

**Social Issues and the Environment:** Water conservation, watershed management, and environmental ethics. Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion. **Environmental Disaster Management:** Types of disasters, impact of disasters on environment, infrastructure, and development. Basic principles of disaster mitigation, disaster management, and methodology. Disaster management cycle, and disaster management in India.

- 1. A.K. De, Environmental Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 2. E.P. Odum, Fundamentals of Ecology, W.B. Sunders Co., USA.
- 3. M.N. Rao and A.K. Datta , **Waste Water Treatment**, Oxford and IBK Publications.
- 4. Benny Joseph, Environmental Studies, Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
- 5. V.K. Sharma, **Disaster Management**, National Centre for Disaster Management, IIPE,1999. Green Building Council of India, Teri Document.

Course Code				Core / Elective				
PC451EC	ANA	LOG EI	S LAB	Core				
Droroquisita	Con	tact Hou	Credits					
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Creatis	
NIL	-	-	-	2	25	50	1	
Course Objectives → Design and analyze BJT, FET amplifiers and regulators → Analyze Oscillator circuits								

- > Plot the frequency response of tuned amplifiers
- > Understand filter circuits.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- > Calculate gain and bandwidth of BJT, FET and tuned amplifiers and oscillator circuits
- Demonstrate regulator and filter circuits

# List of Experiments

- 1. Two Stage R-C Coupled CE BJT Amplifier
- 2. Two Stage R-C Coupled CS FET Amplifier
- 3. Voltage Series Feedback Amplifier
- 4. Voltage Shunt Feedback Amplifier
- 5. Current Shunt Feedback Amplifier
- 6. RC Phase-Shift and Wein-bridge Oscillator
- 7. Hartley and Colpitts Oscillator
- 8. Design of Class-A power amplifier
- 9. Design of Class-B power amplifier
- 10. Frequency response of Tuned Amplifier
- 11. Transistor Regulator
- 12. Constant K Low Pass and High Pass Filter
- 13. m-Derived Low Pass and High Pass Filter

#### Note:

- 1. Atleast ten experiments should be conducted in the Semester..
- 2. It is mandatory to simulate a any three experiments using SPICE

#### Suggested Reading:

1. Paul B. Zbar, Albert P. Malvino, **Michael A. Miller, Basic Electronics**, A Text - Lab Manual, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, TMH 2001.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
PC452EC	PUI	LSE, DI	Core				
Proroquisito	Cor	tact Hou	ırs per W	'eek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	SEE	Credits			
NIL	-	-	-	2	25	50	1

> To implement high pass and low pass circuit and study it's performance

- > To implement clipping and clamping circuits and study it's performance
- > To design and test bi-stable, mono-stable, astable multi-vibrators
- > To study the characteristics of a Schmitt trigger
- > To build sweep circuits and study it's performance

#### **Course Outcomes**

- > Design and analyze linear and non-linear wave shaping circuits
- Demonstrate oscillator circuits

#### List of experiments

- 1. Low Pass and High pass RC circuits
- 2. Two level clipping circuits
- 3. Clamping circuits
- 4. Transistor Switching timer
- 5. Collector coupled Bistable Multivibrators
- 6. Collector coupled Monostable Multivibrators
- 7. Collector coupled Astable Multivibrators
- 8. Schmitt Trigger Circuit
- 9. Miller sweep circuit
- 10. Bootstrap sweep circuit
- 11. Astable Blocking Oscillator
- 12. U.J.T. (Relaxation) Sweep Generator

- 1. Robert Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, **"Electronic Devices and Circuit theory**", 5th Edition, Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 1995.
- 2. David A.Bell, "Laboratory Manual for Electronic Devices and Circuits", 4th Edition, Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2004.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
ES934EC		BA	Core				
Droroquisito	Contact Hours per Week				CIE	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits
NIL	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

- > Analyze the behavior of semiconductor diodes in Forward and Reverse bias.
- Design of Half wave and Full wave rectifiers with L, C, and LC & CLC Filters.
  Explore V-I characteristics of Bipolar Junction Transistor n CB, CE & CC
- configurations.
- > Explain feedback concept and different oscillators.
- > Analyze Digital logic basics and Photo Electric devices.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- > Explain VI characteristics of Semiconductor diode, BJT, FET and MOSFET
- > Calculate ripple factor, efficiency and % regulation of rectifier circuits
- Analyze feedback amplifiers, BJT oscillator circuits, Opamp, basic digital logic gates and data acquisition system

# UNIT-I

**Semi Conductor Theory:** Energy Levels, Intrinsic and Extrinsic Semiconductors, Mobility, Diffusion and Drift current. Hall Effect, Characteristics of P-N Junction diode, Parameters and Applications

**Rectifiers:** Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers (Bridge, center tapped) with and without filters, ripple regulation and efficiency. Zener diode regulator.

# UNIT-II

**Bipolar Junction Transistor:** BJT, Current components, CE, CB, CC configurations, characteristics, Transistor as amplifier. Analysis of CE, CB, CC Amplifiers (qualitative treatment only).

JFET: Construction and working, parameters, CS, CG, CD Characteristics, CS amplifier.

# UNIT-III

**Feedback Concepts** – Properties of Negative Feedback Amplifiers, Classification, Parameters.

**Oscillators** – Barkhausen Criterion, LC Type and RC Type Oscillators and Crystal Oscillators. (Qualitative treatment only)

# UNIT-IV

**Operational Amplifiers** – Introduction to OP Amp, characteristics and applications – Inverting and Non-inverting Amplifiers, summer, Integrator, Differentiator, Instrumentation Amplifier.

Digital Systems: Basic Logic Gates, half, Full Adder and Subtractors.

#### UNIT-V

**Data Acquisition systems:** Study of transducer (LVDT, Strain gauge, Temperature, Force). **Photo Electric Devices and Industrial Devices:** Photo diode, Photo Transistor, LED, LCD, SCR, UJT Construction and Characteristics only.

Display Systems: Constructional details of CRO and Applications.

- 1. Jocob Millman, Christos C. Halkias and Satyabrata Jit, **Electronics Devices and Circuits**, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, 2010.
- 2. Rama Kanth A. Gaykward, **Op-AMPS and Linear Integrated Circuits** 4th Edition Prentice Hall of India, 2000.
- 3. M. Morris Mano, **Digital Design**, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2002.
- 4. William D Cooper, and A.D. Helfrick, Electronic Measurements and Instrumentations Techniques, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Prentice Hall of India, 2008.
- 5. S. Shalivahan, N. Suresh Kumar, A. Vallava Raj, **Electronic Devices and Circuits**, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, 2007.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
ES422EC	SI	GNALS	Core				
Dronoquisita	Contact Hours per Week				CIE	SEE	Credite
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
NIL	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

- > To learn basic concepts related to signals & systems.
- To familiarize with basic operations on signals mathematical representation of periodic, aperiodic signals continuous discrete systems.
- > To understand convolution, correlation operations on continuous signals.
- To analyze the response of systems on application of step, ramp inputs using Fourier & Z transforms.

#### **Course Outcomes**

- ➢ Apply Fourier series, Fourier transform, Laplace transform and Z-transform on signals and systems
- > Apply linear convolution and discrete convolution on signals
- > Explain discrete Fourier transform on signals and systems

#### UNIT- I

**Signal Analysis**: Analogy between vectors and signals, Orthogonal signal space, Signal approximation using orthogonal functions, Mean square error, Closed or complete set of orthogonal functions, Orthogonality in complex functions, Exponential and sinusoidal signals, Concepts of Impulse function, Unit step function, Signum function.

#### UNIT-II

**Fourier Transform**: Deriving Fourier transform from Fourier series, Fourier transform of arbitrary signal, Fourier transform of standard signals, Fourier transform of periodic signals, properties of Fourier transforms, Fourier transforms involving impulse function and Signum function. Introduction to Hilbert Transform.

#### UNIT-III

**Signal Transmission Through Linear Systems:** Linear system, impulse response, Response of a linear system, Linear time invariant (LTI) system, Linear time variant (LTV) system, Transfer function of a LTI system. Filter characteristics of linear systems. Distortion less transmission through a system, Signal bandwidth, system bandwidth, Ideal LPF, HPF and BPF characteristics, Causality and Poly-Wiener criterion for physical realization, relationship between bandwidth and rise time.

# UNIT-IV

Convolution & Correlation of Signals: Concept of convolution in time domain and frequency domain, Graphical representation of convolution, Convolution property of

#### Faculty of Engineering, O.U

Fourier transforms. Cross correlation and auto correlation of functions, properties of correlation function, Energy density spectrum, Parseval's theorem, Power density spectrum, Relation between auto correlation function and energy/power spectral density function.Relation between convolution and correlation, Detection of periodic signals in the presence of noise by correlation, Extraction of signal from noise by filtering.

# UNIT- V

**Z-Transform**: Fundamental difference between continuous and discrete time signals, discrete time signal representation using complex exponential and sinusoidal components, Periodicity of discrete time using complex exponential signal, Concept of Z- Transform of a discrete sequence. Distinction between Laplace, Fourier and Z transforms. Region of convergence in Z-Transform, constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, Inverse Z-transform, properties of Z-transforms.

- 1. Lathi B.P., Signals Systems & Communications, B.S. Publications, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2006.
- 2. Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan.S.Willsky, S Hamid Nawab, **Signals Systems**, Prentice Hall of India, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2007.
- 3. Simon Haykin and Van Veen, Signals and Systems, Wiley India, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2008.

Course Code			Core / Elective				
ES955EC		BASIC	Core				
Proroquisito	Contact Hours per Week				СШ	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
NIL	-	-	-	2	25	50	1

- Demonstrate the characteristics of Semiconductor diodes
- Realize the filters and Rectifiers.
- > Verify the characteristics of different transistor Configurations.
- > Design of Biasing Circuits for BJT and FET Amplifiers.
- > Design different circuits using Operational Amplifiers.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Plot characteristics of diode and transistor
- > Calculate ripple factor, efficiency and % regulation of rectifier circuits
- Analyze feedback amplifiers and BJT oscillator circuits
- > Demonstrate Opamp, data converter and strain gauge measurement

## List of Experiments:

1. CRO-Applications, Measurements of R, L and C using LCR meter, Colour code method soldering practice.

- 2. Characteristics of Semiconductors diode (Ge, Si and Zener).
- 3. Static characteristics of BJT-Common Emitter.
- 4. Static characteristics of BJT-Common Base.
- 5. Static characteristics of FET.
- 6. RC-Phase Shift Oscillator.
- 7. Hartley and Colpitt's Oscillators.
- 8. Common Emitter Amplifier.
- 9. Astable Multivibrator.
- 10. Full-wave rectifier with and without filters using BJT.
- 11. Operational Amplifier as Amplifier, Integrator.
- 12. Strain Gauge Measurement.
- 13. Analog-to-Digital and Digital to Analog Converters.

- 1. David Bell A., **Operational Amplifiers and Linear ICS**, Prentice Hall of India, 2005.
- 2. David Bell A., Laboratory for Electronic Devices and Circuits, Prentice Hall of India, 2007.